

Muscle groups located on upper body seem to be more responsive on testosterone levels compare to lower body muscles (17). However, there are only limited data available on the beneficial effects of TT on lower limb muscle strength (16, 17).

One of the possible drawback of the study was combination of patients treated with testosterone replacement therapy and untreated males. However, the relationship between parameters studied was very similar in both treated and untreated males, when analysed separately. Therefore, the data were merged for the purpose of the present study.

Conclusions

The main finding of this study was that testosterone levels had a strong inverse correlation with abdominal circumference and total body fat mass. On metabolic level, strong inverse correlation was also

found between TT with insulin and TT with HOMA-IR. However, we did not find statistically significant correlation between total testosterone levels and lean mass, muscle strength or physical function in middle aged males. These results suggest strong role of testosterone on lipid profile, metabolic syndrome and other similar diseases with altered body composition towards higher proportion of fat tissue. Further studies need to be done for better understanding of the mechanisms how testosterone levels affect overall and regional lean mass, muscle strength, physical function and metabolic parameters in middle age males.

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